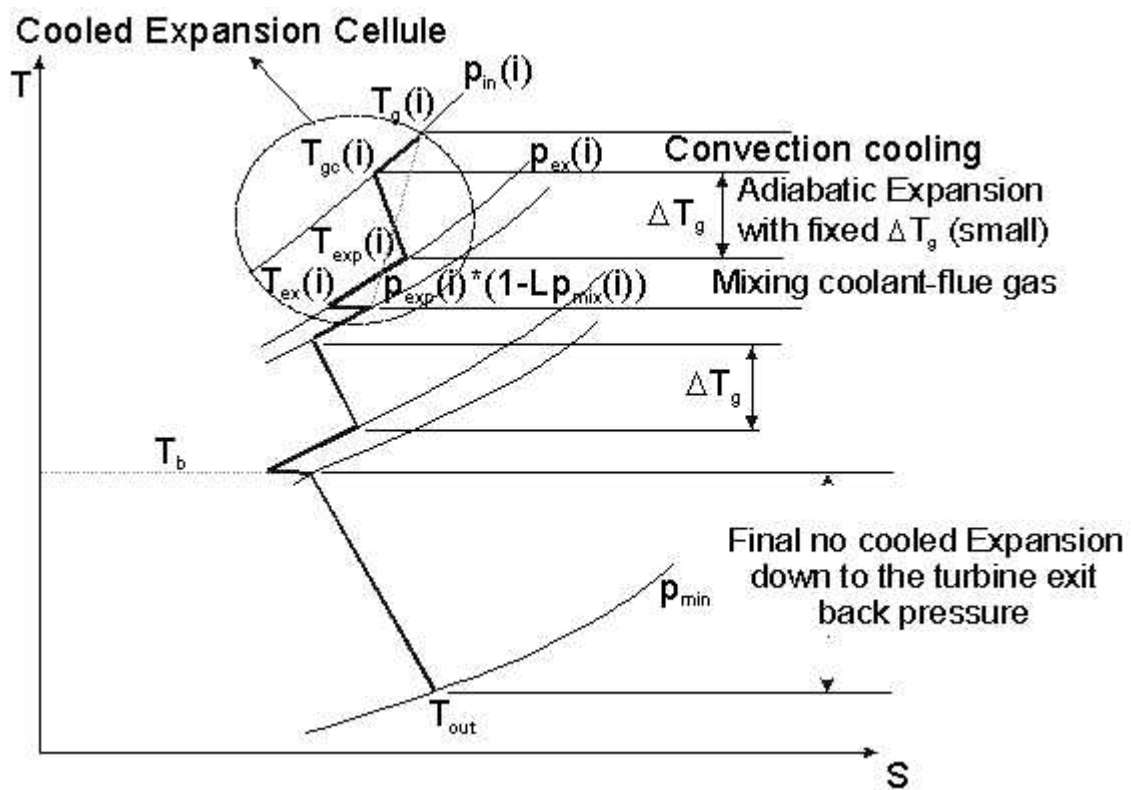




APPLICATIVO SOFTWARE PER IL CALCOLO TERMODINAMICO DEL CICLO
JOULE CON MODELLO CELLULARE DI ESPANSIONE REFRIGERATA



Firenze, 25 Settembre 2003

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INTRODUZIONE

Il lavoro svolto riguarda il modello cellulare di espansione refrigerata, sviluppato da Daniele Fiaschi, tramite l'applicativo EES. Sostanzialmente il programma è rimasto invariato, a parte la possibilità di inserire direttamente dal diagramma della macchina alcune variabili come la temperatura di riferimento, il tipo di combustibile e il tipo di raffreddamento delle pale. E' stato tolto la possibilità di impostare sia DT di espansione, sia OMBOMG, avendo impostato OMBOMG, come da biografia Facchini, pari al 5% del DT. Più importante è l'introduzione dei differenti livelli di pressione di spillamento dal compressore del refrigerante, con relative temperature, anziché l'unico livello di spillamento, pari alla pressione di mandata del compressore. Sono state inoltre staccate tutte le routines che il programma utilizza per effettuare le operazioni elementari di compressione, espansione non refrigerata, calcolo del cp medio, ecc. in modo da non essere obbligati a riscriverle in qualsiasi altro programma, ma richiamandole semplicemente dalle librerie.

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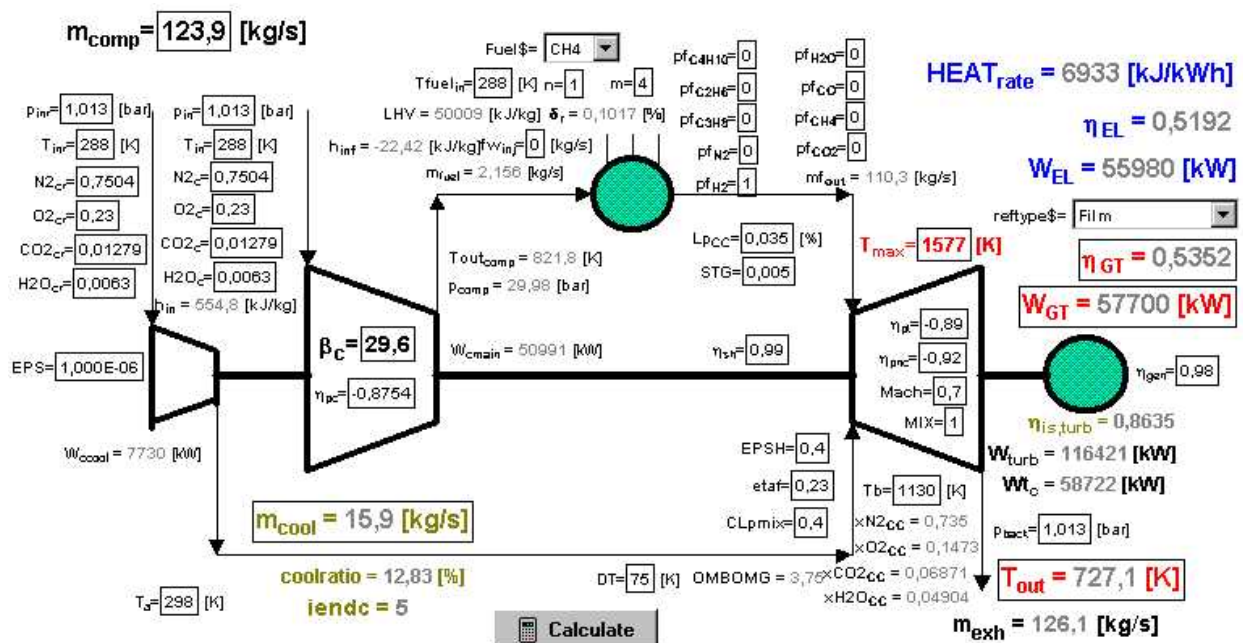
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1 Esempio con GE LM 6000

Le librerie in cui è stato suddiviso il programma principale sono:

- COMPRproc
- RefCELL
- TURBproc
- Fuelmix
- Cpmedioproc



"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"Fuel\$=name of combustible"

"m=Moles of carbon into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

"n=Moles of hydrogen into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

"m_comp = Inlet combustent mass flow rate (air+excess air or stochiometric air+other gas)"

"fw_inj=water injected after compression"

"N2_c=Inlet N2 mass fraction"

"O2_c=Inlet O2 mass fraction"

"CO2_c=Inlet CO2 mass fraction"

"H2O_c=Inlet H2O mass fraction"

"p_in=compressor suction pressure"

"p_inr=coolant compressor suction pressure"

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"beta_c=compressor pressure ratio"
 "P_back=counterpressure out of turbine"
 "N2_cr=refrigerant Inlet N2 mass fraction"
 "O2_cr=refrigerant Inlet O2 mass fraction"
 "CO2_cr=refrigerant Inlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "H2O_cr=refrigerant Inlet H2O mass fraction"
 "T_in=Comburent Inlet temperature"
 "T_inr=Coolant Inlet temperature"
 "Tfuel_in=Fuel Inlet temperature"
 "T_max=Products outlet temperature"
 "pf_CH4= CH4 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C2H6=C2H6 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C3H8=C3H8 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C4H10=C4H10 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO=CO inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2=H2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_N2=N2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2O=H2O inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO2=CO2 inlet mass fraction"
 "T_a=ambient temperature"
 "MACH=turbine mach number"
 "Clpmix=mixture losses in turbine"
 "STG=stanton number of gas"
 "EPSH=cooler yield"
 "ETAF=film cooling yield"
 "Tb=maximum blade surface temperature"
 "Dt=difference temerature in cooling refrigeration"
 "eta_pnc=politropic yield of uncooled turbine"
 "eta_pt=politropic yield of cooled turbine"
 "LP_CC=losses in combustion chamber"
 "eta_pc=compressor politropic/isentropic yield"
 "EPS=relative error"
 "reftype\$=heat exchange method: traspirazione, film cooling, convezione"
 "MIX=flows mixture"

 "Outlet data"

 p_comp=compressor discharge pressure"
 "W_turb=total turbine work"
 "Wt_c=total compressor work"
 "W_ccool=cooler compressor work"
 "W_cmain=compressor work"
 "m_fuel=inlet fuel mass flow"
 "LHV=low heating value"
 "xN2_CC=Outlet N2 mass fraction"
 "xO2_CC=Outlet O2 mass fraction"
 "xCO2_CC=Outlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "xH2O_CC=Outlet H2O mass fraction"
 "OMBOMG=blade surface on gas passage ratio"
 "Delta_r=mass flow percentage error"
 "mf_out=outlet gas mass flow"

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"m_cool=cooler mass flow"
 "T_out=turbine discharge temperature"
 "Tout_comp=compressor discharge temperature"
 mf_out=outlet mass flow rate"
 "pexc=outlet cooling turbine mass flow pressure"
 "iendc=film cooling index"
 "m_c[j]=cooler mass flow per step"
 "Wtc[j]=cooler work per step"
 "pex[i]=pressure per step"
 "Tg[i]=inlet stage gas flow temperature"

"Other data"

"h_inf=inlet fuel entalpy"
 "h_in=inlet comburent mixture entalpy"

Il programma principale, è pertanto rimasto il seguente:

"MAIN PROGRAM"

"Calcolo uscita dalla turbina refrigerata + camera di combustione"

call

```
refCELL(m_comp;fw_inj;beta_c;p_back;O2_c;N2_c;CO2_c;H2O_c;O2_cr;N2_cr;CO2_cr;H2O_cr;p_in
;p_inr;T_in;T_inr;Tfuel_in;Fuel$;T_max;Lp_CC;eta_pt;eta_pc;eta_pnc;Mach;CLpmix;STG;EPSH;etaf;
Tb;DT;EPS;T_a;m;n;pf_CH4;pf_C2H6;pf_C3H8;pf_C4H10;pf_CO;pf_H2;pf_N2;pf_H2O;pf_CO2;reftyp
e$;MIX:W_turb;W_cmain;W_ccool;Wt_c;m_fuel;LHV;m_cool;T_out;Tout_comp;p_comp;pexc;iendc;mf
_out;h_inf;h_in;xN2_CC;xO2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Delta_r;OMBOMG)
```

"Calcolo uscita teorica con turbina non refrigerata e rendimento unitario"

call

```
refCELL(m_comp;fw_inj;beta_c;p_back;O2_c;N2_c;CO2_c;H2O_c;O2_cr;N2_cr;CO2_cr;H2O_cr;p_in
;p_inr;T_in;T_inr;Tfuel_in;Fuel$;T_max;Lp_CC;1;eta_pc;1;Mach;CLpmix;STG;EPSH;etaf;T_max+1;DT
;EPS;T_a;m;n;pf_CH4;pf_C2H6;pf_C3H8;pf_C4H10;pf_CO;pf_H2;pf_N2;pf_H2O;pf_CO2;reftype$;MI
X:Wtt;W_cmaint;Wtcrit;W_ccoolt;m_fuel;LHVt;m_coolt;Toutt;Tout_compt;p_compt;pexc; iendct;mf_ou
tt;h_inf;h_int;xN2_CCt;xO2_CCt;xCO2_CCt;xH2O_CCt;Delta_rt;OMBOMGt)
```

eta_is_turb=W_turb/Wtt

"Calcolo prestazioni"

W_GT=W_turb-Wt_c

eta_GT=W_GT/(m_fuel*LHV)

W_sp=W_GT/m_comp

W_sp_turb=W_turb/(m_comp+m_cool+m_fuel)

coolratio=m_cool/m_comp*100

W_EL=W_GT*eta_sh*eta_gen

eta_EL=W_EL/(m_fuel*LHV)

m_exh=m_comp+m_fuel

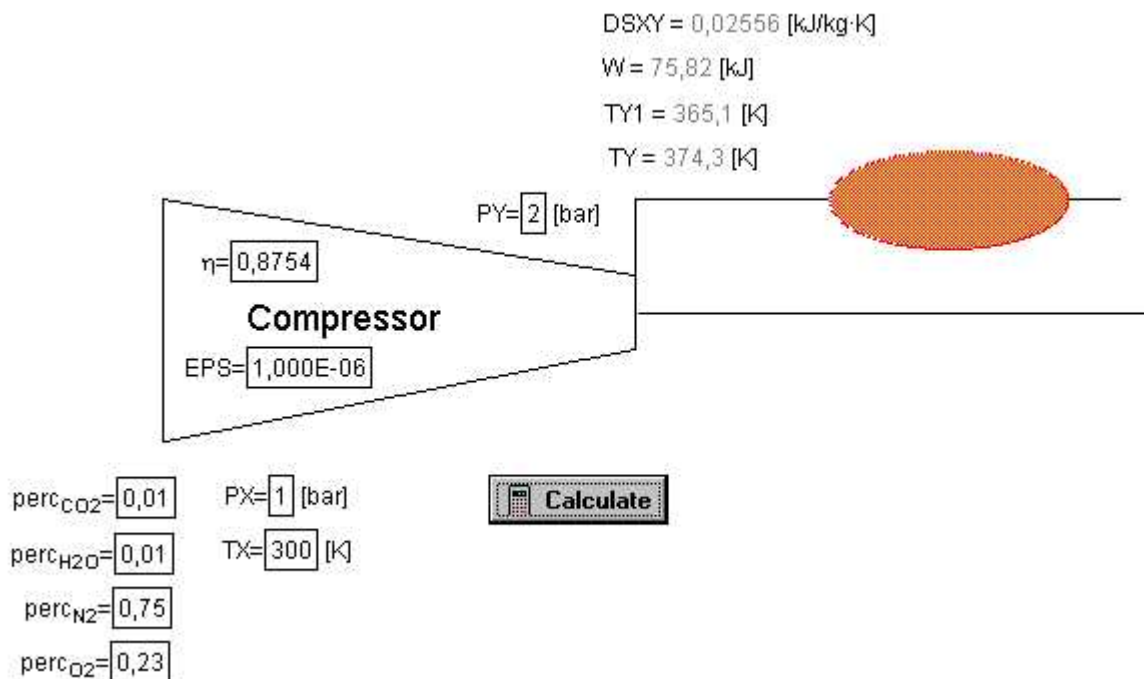
HEAT_rate=m_fuel*3600*LHV/W_EL **{[kJ/kWh]}**

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1.1. COMPRproc

La procedura, note la composizione del gas in ingresso e le sue condizioni termodinamiche, il rendimento isentropico o politropico del compressore e la pressione in uscita, calcola il lavoro specifico di compressione e la temperatura isentropica o politropica in uscita.



1.1.1. Programma COMPRproc

"Procedure for the compression calculation"

"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"perc_N2=Inlet N2 mass fraction"

"perc_O2=Inlet O2 mass fraction"

"perc_CO2=Inlet CO2 mass fraction"

"perc_H2O=Inlet H2O mass fraction"

"TX=mixture Inlet temperature"

"PX=mixture Inlet pressure"

"ETA=compressor politropic/isentropic yield"

"EPS=relative difference of K"

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"Outlet data"

"TY=isentropic mixture outlet temperature"

"TY1=politropic mixture outlet temperature"

"DSXY=entropy difference"

"W=work of the compressor"

PROCEDURE

COMPRproc(perc_N2;perc_O2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;PX;TX;PY;ETA;EPS;TY;TY1;DSXY;W)

"Procedure per il calcolo di una compressione note la pressione e la temperatura iniziali, la pressione finale e il rendimento (isoentropico o politropico) di compressione"

"CALCOLO COMPRESSIONE ISOENTROPICA"

K=1,4

300: TY1=TX*(PY/PX)^((K-1)/K)

CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY1;cpXY1;cvXY1;k1)

IF(ABS((k1-K)/K)<EPS) THEN

 K:=k1

"CALCOLO RENDIMENTO ADIABATICO"

IF(ETA>0) THEN

 ETA1:=ETA

ELSE

 ETA1:=(1-(PY/PX)^(ABS(ETA)*(K-1)/K))/(1-(PY/PX)^((K-1)/K))

ENDIF

"CALCOLO PUNTO DI FINE COMPRESSIONE REALE"

TY:=TY1

400:

CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY;cpXY;cvXY;kXY)

TY1=CPXY1*(TY1-TX)/(CPXY*ETA1)+TX

IF(ABS((TY1-TY)/TY)<EPS) THEN

 TY:=TY1

 CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY;cpXY;cvXY;kXY)

 CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TY1;TY;cpXY1;cvXY1;kXY1)

 DSXY:=cpXY1*ln(TY/TY1)

 W:=CPXY*(TY-TX)

ELSE

 TY:=TY1

 goto 400

ENDIF

ELSE

 K:=k1

 GOTO 300

ENDIF

END PROCEDURE

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1.2. RefCELL

I dati di input di questa procedura sono: tipo combustibile, temperatura ed eventuale iniezione d'acqua presente, perdite di pressione in camera di combustione; composizione, massa e condizioni termodinamiche del gas sia in ingresso al compressore del refrigerante, che dell'aria comburente, oltre al rendimento isentropico o politropico del compressore e suo rapporto di compressione. Per l'espansione occorre sapere: rendimento isentropico o politropico della turbina refrigerata e non, temperatura massima di ciclo, temperatura massima della pala, tipo di refrigerazione, Stanton del gas, Mach della turbina, contropressione allo scarico, salto di temperatura di refrigerazione. In output: massa di refrigerante, combustibile e dei gas di scarico, con composizione; stadi refrigerati, potenza del compressore dell'aria comburente, del refrigerante e della turbina, OMBONG, potere calorifico inferiore del combustibile.

The screenshot shows the RefCELL software interface with various input and output parameters. The central part of the interface is a schematic diagram of a refrigerated turbine cycle, with a compressor on the left and a turbine on the right. The compressor is highlighted with a red oval and labeled with $Lp_{CC} = 0,035$ [%].

Input Parameters:

- $T_{fuel_in} = 300$ [K], Fuel\$ = CH4
- $f_{w_inj} = 0$ [kg/s], $m = 4$, $n = 1$
- $m_{comp} = 123,9$ [kg/s]
- $pf_{N_2} = 0$, $pf_{H_2} = 0$, $reftype = Film$
- $pf_{CO_2} = 0$, $pf_{CH_4} = 1$
- $pf_{H_2O} = 0$, $pf_{C_2H_6} = 0$
- $pf_{CO} = 0$, $pf_{C_4H_{10}} = 0$
- $pf_{C_3H_8} = 0$
- $m_f = 2,127$ [kg/s], LHV = 50009 [kJ/kg]
- $h_{inf} = 4,503$ [kJ/kg]
- $\beta_c = 29,6$
- $x_{O_2_c} = 0,23$, $x_{N_2_c} = 0,75$, $T_{out_comp} = 827,2$ [K]
- $p_{in} = 1,013$ [bar], $x_{CO_2_c} = 0,01$, $h_{in} = 563,1$ [kJ/kg]
- $T_{in} = 300$ [K], $x_{H_2O_c} = 0,01$, $W_c = 49688$ [kW]
- $\eta_{pc} = 0,86$, $W_{tot} = 57514$ [kW]
- EPS = 1,000E-06, $W_{tot} = 114881$ [kW]
- $x_{O_2_{cr}} = 0,23$, $x_{N_2_{cr}} = 0,75$
- $p_{inr} = 1,013$ [bar], $x_{CO_2_{cr}} = 0,01$, $m_{cool} = 16,13$ [kg/s], $W_{tcr} = 7827$ [kW]
- $T_{inr} = 300$ [K], $x_{H_2O_{cr}} = 0,01$
- $T_a = 298$ [K]

Output Parameters:

- $m_{out} = 110,8$ [kg/s], $\delta_T = 0,8358$ [%]
- $T_{max} = 1577$ [K]
- STG = 0,005, $T_b = 1130$ [K], MIX = 1, Mach = 0,7
- $et_{apt} = 0,89$, $CL_{pmix} = 0,4$ [%]
- $i_{endc} = 5$, $DT = 75$ [K], TURBINA $et_{aptnc} = 0,92$
- OMBONG = 3,75, $et_{af} = 0,23$
- EPSH = 0,4
- $x_{O_2_{CC}} = 0,1471$, $x_{N_2_{CC}} = 0,7294$, $p_{back} = 1,013$ [bar]
- $x_{CO_2_{CC}} = 0,07641$, $T_{out} = 736,2$ [K]
- $x_{H_2O_{CC}} = 0,04709$

A "Calculate" button is located at the bottom center of the interface.

1.2.1. Programma RefCELL

"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"Fuel\$=name of combustible"

"m=Moles of carbon into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

"n=Moles of hydrogen into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

"mcc_in = Inlet comburent mass flow rate (air+excess air or stochiometric air+other gas)"

"fw_inj=water injected after compression"

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"xN2_in=Inlet N2 mass fraction"
 "xO2_in=Inlet O2 mass fraction"
 "xCO2_in=Inlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "xH2O_in=Inlet H2O mass fraction"
 "xN2_mixw=Inlet N2 mass fraction after injection"
 "xO2_mixw=Inlet O2 mass fraction after injection"
 "xCO2_mixw=Inlet CO2 mass fraction after injection"
 "xH2O_mixw=Inlet H2O mass fraction after injection"
 "PY=compressor discharge pressure"
 "TY=compressor discharge temperature"
 "xN2_inc=refrigerant Inlet N2 mass fraction"
 "xO2_inc=refrigerant Inlet O2 mass fraction"
 "xCO2_inc=refrigerant Inlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "xH2O_inc=refrigerant Inlet H2O mass fraction"
 "TCC_in=Comburent Inlet temperature"
 "Tfuel_in=Fuel Inlet temperature"
 "T_max=Products outlet temperature"
 "pf_CH4= CH4 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C2H6=C2H6 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C3H8=C3H8 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C4H10=C4H10 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO=CO inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2=H2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_N2=N2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2O=H2O inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO2=CO2 inlet mass fraction"
 "T_a=ambient temperature"
 "MACH=turbine mach number"
 "Cipmix=mixture losses in turbine"
 "STG=stanto number of gas"
 "omong=blade surface on gas passage ratio"
 "EPSH=cooler yield"
 "ETAF=film cooling yield"
 "Tb=maximum blade surface temperature"
 "Dt=difference temerature in cooling refrigeration"
 "etaptnc=politropic yield of uncooled turbine"
 "etapt=politropic yield of cooled turbine"
 "P_back=counterpressure out of turbine"
 "LP_CC=losses in combustion chamber"
 "ETA=turbine politropic/isentropic yield"
 "EPS=relative error"
 "reftype\$=heat exchange method: traspirazione, film cooling, convezione"
 "MIX=flows mixture"

 "Outlet data"

 "Wttot=total turbine work"
 "Wtc=cooled turbine work"
 "Wtnc=uncooled turbine work"
 "Wcrl=cooler compressor work"
 "Wc=compressor work"

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"m_f=inlet fuel mass flow"
 "LHV=low heating value"
 "xN2_CC=Outlet N2 mass fraction"
 "xO2_CC=Outlet O2 mass fraction"
 "xCO2_CC=Outlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "xH2O_CC=Outlet H2O mass fraction"
 "Delta_r=mass flow percentage error"
 "mf_out=outlet gas mass flow"
 "M_cool=cooler mass flow"
 "Tout=turbine discharge temperature"
 "pexc=outlet cooling turbine mass flow pressure"
 "iendc=film cooling index"
 "m_cjj=cooler mass flow per step"
 "Wtcjj=cooler work per step"
 "pex[i]=pressure per step"
 "Tg[i]=inlet stage gas flow temperature"

"Other data"

"h_inf=inlet fuel entalpy"
 "h_in=inlet comburent mixture entalpy"

PROCEDURE

refCELL(m_comp;fw_inj;beta_c;p_back;xO2_c;xN2_c;xCO2_c;xH2O_c;xO2_cr;xN2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;p_in;p_inr;T_in;T_inr;Tfuel_in;Fuel\$;T_max;Lp_CC;etapt;eta_pc;etaptnc;Mach;CLpmix;STG;EPS H;etaf;Tb;DT;EPS;T_a;m;n;pf_CH4;pf_C2H6;pf_C3H8;pf_C4H10;pf_CO;pf_H2;pf_N2;pf_H2O;pf_CO 2;reftype\$;MIX:Wttot;Wc;Wtcr;Wctot;m_f;LHV;m_cool;Tout;Tout_comp;p_comp;pexc;iendc;mf_out;h_inf;h_in;xN2_CC;xO2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Delta_r;OMBOMG)

"Dati in ingresso al compressore"

p_comp=p_in*beta_c

"Calcolo uscita dal compressore principale"

call
 COMPRproc(xN2_c;xO2_c;xCO2_c;xH2O_c;p_in;T_in;p_comp;eta_pc;EPS: Tout_comp; Tout_compis; DSXY_comp;W)

"Calcolo composizione dopo eventuale iniezione d'acqua o vapore"

xO2_mixw=xO2_c*m_comp/(m_comp+m_comp*fw_inj)
 xN2_mixw=xN2_c*m_comp/(m_comp+m_comp*fw_inj)
 xCO2_mixw=xCO2_c*m_comp/(m_comp+m_comp*fw_inj)
 xH2O_mixw=xH2O_c*m_comp/(m_comp+m_comp*fw_inj)

OMBOMG=DT*0,05

s= abs(floor(-(T_max-Tb)/DT))

j:=0

repeat

 j:=j+1;

 m_cjj=0

 Wtcjj=0

 Wtcrjj=0

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until (j=s)
m_cool=0

9527: mCC_in=m_comp*(1+fw_inj)-m_cool

Call

fuelmix(mCC_in;xN2_mixw;xO2_mixw;xCO2_mixw;xH2O_mixw;T_a;Tout_comp;Tfuel_in;T_max;Fuel
\$,m;n;pf_CH4;pf_C2H6;pf_C3H8;pf_C4H10;pf_CO;pf_H2;pf_N2;pf_H2O;pf_CO2;m_f;mf_out;h_inf;h_i
n;LHV;xN2_CC;xO2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Delta_r)

mgas[1]=mCC_in+m_f

m_cool1=0

pin[1]=p_comp*(1-Lp_CC)

Tg[1]=T_max

i=1

REPEAT "do 20, i=1,(2*s)"

"Determinazione temperatura di mandata refrigerante dal compressore alla pin richiesta"

IF (Tg[i]>Tb) THEN

"Calcolo uscita dal compressore del refrigerante"

beta_cr[i]=pin[i]/p_inr

call

COMPRproc(xN2_cr;xO2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;p_inr;T_inr;pin[i];eta_pc;EPS:Tc[i];Tout_compris[i]
];DSXY_compr[i];Wcr[i])

{Tratto espansione refrigerata senza produzione di lavoro. Cooling modellato con tratto piccolo
convezione-espansione-miscelazione. Refrigerazione per convezione interna}

phi=(Tg[i]-Tb)/(Tg[i]-Tc[i])

if(reftype\$='convezione') then

DELTA_Tgc[i]=Stg*ombomg*(Tg[i]-Tb)

Tgc[i]=Tg[i]-DELTA_Tgc[i]

DELTA_Tc[i]=(Tb-Tc[i])*EPSH

Tcconv=Tc[i]+DELTA_Tc[i]

if (i=1) then

call

cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tgc[i];Tg[i];cp_g;cv_g;k_g)

else

call

cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tgc[i];Tg[i];cp_g;cv_g;k_g)

endif

CALL cpmedioproc(xO2_cr;xN2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;Tc[i];Tcconv;cp_c;cv_c;k_c)

m_c[i]=mgas[i]*cp_g/cp_c*Stg*ombomg*1/EPSH*phi/(1-phi)

endif

if(reftype\$='film') then

DELTA_Tgc[i]=Stg*ombomg*(Tg[i]-Tb)

Tgc[i]=Tg[i]-DELTA_Tgc[i]

DELTA_Tc[i]=(Tb-Tc[i])*EPSH/(1-etaf)

Tcconv=Tc[i]+DELTA_Tc[i]

if (i=1) then

call

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cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tgc[i];Tg[i]:cp_g;cv_g;k_g)
  else
    call
cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tgc[i];Tg[i]:cp_g;cv_g;k_g)
  endif
  CALL cpmedioproc(xO2_cr;xN2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;Tc[i];Tcconv:cp_c;cv_c;k_c)
  m_c[i]=mgas[i]*cp_g/cp_c*Stg*ombomg*1/EPSh*phi/(1-phi)*(1-etaf)
endif
if(reftype$='traspirazione') then
  if (i=1) then
    call
cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tgc[i];Tg[i]:cp_g;cv_g;k_g)
  else
    call
cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tgc[i];Tg[i]:cp_g;cv_g;k_g)
  endif
  CALL cpmedioproc(xO2_cr;xN2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;Tc[i];Tcconv:cp_c;cv_c;k_c)
  deltaStg1=Stg*0,1
101: m_c[i]=mgas[i]*cp_g/cp_c*(Stg-deltaStg1)*ombomg*phi/(1-phi)
  deltaStg=coeftrasp*m_c[i]/mgas[i]*1/ombomg
  if((abs((deltaStg-deltaStg1)/deltaStg))<(EPS)) then
    goto 100
  else
    deltaStg1=deltaStg
    goto 101
  endif
  "abbassamento T per cooling ISOBARO i-esimo nel caso di traspirazione"
100: DELTA_Tgc[i]=(Stg-deltaStg)*ombomg*(Tg[i]-Tb)
endif
"Tratto espansione con DELTA_Te fissato"
Tesp[i]=Tgc[i]-DT
if (i=1) then
  call cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tesp[i];Tgc[i]:cpm_g;cvm_g;kg)
else
  call
cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tesp[i];Tgc[i]:cpm_g;cvm_g;kg)
endif
kg=cpm_g/cvm_g
if (etapt>0) then
  Tespis=Tgc[i]-(Tgc[i]-Tesp[i])/ETApt
  if (i=1) then
    call
cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tespis;Tgc[i]:cpms_g;cvms_g;kgs)
  else
    call
cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tespis;Tgc[i]:cpms_g;cvms_g;kgs)
  endif
  pex[i]=pin[i]*(Tespis/Tgc[i])^(kgs/(kgs-1))
  goto 30
endif

ETAtis1=abs(etapt)

```

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```

10: Tespis=Tgc[i]-(Tgc[i]-Tesp[i])/ETAtis1
   if (i=1) then
       call
cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tespis;Tgc[i]:cpms_g;cvms_g;kgs)
   else
       call
cpmedioproc(xO2_gas;xN2_gas;xCO2_gas;xH2O_gas;Tespis;Tgc[i]:cpms_g;cvms_g;kgs)
   endif
   {Calcolo p uscita i-esima con espansione isoentropica}
   pex[i]=pin[i]*(Tespis/Tgc[i])^(kgs/(kgs-1))
   ETAtis[i]=(1-(pex[i]/pin[i])^(abs(ETAp)*(Kgs-1)/Kgs))/(1-(pex[i]/pin[i])^((Kgs-1)/Kgs))
   if((ABS((etatis[i]-etatis1)/etatis[i]))<(EPS)) then
       goto 30
   else
       etatis1=etatis[i]
       goto 10
   endif
30: {controllo se c'è miscelazione}
   if(MIX=0) then
       Tex[i]=Tesp[i]
       Wtc[i]=mgas[i]*cpm_g*(Tgc[i]-Tesp[i])
       mgex[i]=mgas[i]

       cp_gmix=xO2_CC*SPECHEAT(O2;T=Tesp[i])+xN2_CC*SPECHEAT(N2;T=Tesp[i])+xCO2_CC*S
PECHEAT(CO2;T=Tesp[i])+xH2O_CC*SPECHEAT(H2O;T=Tesp[i])
       xO2_gas=xO2_CC
       xN2_gas=xN2_CC
       xCO2_gas=xCO2_CC
       xH2O_gas=xH2O_CC
       xO2_mix=xO2_CC
       xN2_mix=xN2_CC
       xCO2_mix=xCO2_CC
       xH2O_mix=xH2O_CC
       goto 60
   endif

   Wtc[i]=mgas[i]*cpm_g*(Tgc[i]-Tesp[i])
   Wcr[i]=Wcr[i]*m_c[i]
   {Miscelamento tra refrigerante e corrente principale}
   mgex[i]=mgas[i]+m_c[i]
   IF(i=1) THEN
       xO2_mix=(xO2_CC*mgas[1]+xO2_cr*m_c[1])/(mgas[1]+m_c[1])
       xN2_mix=(xN2_CC*mgas[1]+xN2_cr*m_c[1])/(mgas[1]+m_c[1])
       xCO2_mix=(xCO2_CC*mgas[1]+xCO2_cr*m_c[1])/(mgas[1]+m_c[1])
       xH2O_mix=(xH2O_CC*mgas[1]+xH2O_cr*m_c[1])/(mgas[1]+m_c[1])
   ELSE
       xO2_mix=(xO2_gas*mgas[1]+xO2_cr*m_c[i])/(mgas[1]+m_c[i])
       xN2_mix=(xN2_gas*mgas[1]+xN2_cr*m_c[i])/(mgas[1]+m_c[i])
       xCO2_mix=(xCO2_gas*mgas[1]+xCO2_cr*m_c[i])/(mgas[1]+m_c[i])
       xH2O_mix=(xH2O_gas*mgas[1]+xH2O_cr*m_c[i])/(mgas[1]+m_c[i])

```

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ENDIF

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```
cp_g=xO2_mix*SPECHEAT(O2;T=Tesp[i])+xN2_mix*SPECHEAT(N2;T=Tesp[i])+xCO2_mix*SPECHEAT(CO2;T=Tesp[i])+xH2O_mix*SPECHEAT(H2O;T=Tesp[i])
```

```
Tex1=Tesp[i]
```

```
61:
```

```
call cpmedioproc(xO2_mix;xN2_mix;xCO2_mix;xH2O_mix;Tex1;Tesp[i];cp_g1;cv_g1g;k_g1)
```

```
call cpmedioproc(xO2_cr;xN2_cr;xCO2_cr;xH2O_cr;Tcconv;Tex1:cp_c1;cv_c1g;k_c1)
```

```
Tex[i]=(m_c[i]*cp_c1*Tcconv+mgas[i]*cp_g1*Tesp[i])/(m_c[i]*cp_c1+mgas[i]*cp_g1)
```

```
if((abs(Tex[i]-Tex1)/Tex[i])<=EPS) then
```

```
    xO2_gas=xO2_mix
```

```
    xN2_gas=xN2_mix
```

```
    xCO2_gas=xCO2_mix
```

```
    xH2O_gas=xH2O_mix
```

```
cp_gmix=xO2_gas*SPECHEAT(O2;T=Tex[i])+xN2_gas*SPECHEAT(N2;T=Tex[i])+xCO2_gas*SPECHEAT(CO2;T=Tex[i])+xH2O_gas*SPECHEAT(H2O;T=Tex[i])
```

```
nmolmix=xO2_gas/MOLARMASS(O2)+xN2_gas/MOLARMASS(N2)+xCO2_gas/MOLARMASS(CO2)+xH2O_gas/MOLARMASS(H2O)
```

```
    fmoI2mix=xO2_gas/MOLARMASS(O2)/nmolmix
```

```
    fmoI2mix=xN2_gas/MOLARMASS(N2)/nmolmix
```

```
    fmoI2mix=xCO2_gas/MOLARMASS(CO2)/nmolmix
```

```
    fmoI2mix=xH2O_gas/MOLARMASS(H2O)/nmolmix
```

```
pmmix=fmoI2mix*MOLARMASS(O2)+fmoI2mix*MOLARMASS(N2)+fmoI2mix*MOLARMASS(CO2)+fmoI2mix*MOLARMASS(H2O)
```

```
    R_gmix=R#/pmmix
```

```
    cv_gmix=cp_gmix-R_gmix
```

```
    k_gmix=cp_gmix/cv_gmix
```

```
{Perdita di pressione dovuta a mix refrigerante-flusso principale proporzionale al rapporto m_refrigerante/m_flusso principale (urto) Lpmix=m_c(i)/mgas(i)*CLpmix}
```

```
Lpmix=k_gmix*Mach^2*m_c[i]/mgas[i]*CLpmix {!Modello di Hodge}
```

```
pex[i]=pex[i]*(1-Lpmix)
```

```
goto 60
```

```
else
```

```
    Tex1=Tex[i]
```

```
    goto 61 {Ricalcolo Tex dopo mixing}
```

```
endif
```

```
60:
```

```
mgas[i+1]=mgex[i]
```

```
Tg[i+1]=Tex[i]
```

```
pin[i+1]=pex[i]
```

```
p_g=cp_gmix
```

```
else
```

```
    iendc=i-1
```

```
    goto 40
```

```
endif
```

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```

i=i+1

UNTIL (i>=(1000)) "Fine del ciclo REPEAT"

40:
m_cool1=SUM(m_c[i];i=1;s)
if(MIX=1) then
    mgexcool=m_cool1+mgas[1]
else
    mgexcool=mgas[1]
endif
Wtcl=SUM(Wtc[i];i=1;s)
Wtcr1=SUM(Wcrl[i];i=1;s)
IF (i=1) THEN
    "caso espansione completa non refrigerata (Tb > Tg)"
    pexc=pin[1]
    Texcool=Tg[1]
ELSE
    pexc=pex[iendc]
    Texcool=Tex[iendc]
ENDIF
"Parte non refrigerata"
knc1=1,4
81:
IF (i=1) THEN
    call
    TURBproc(xN2_CC;xO2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;pexc;Texcool;p_back;ETAptnc;EPS:Tout;Touts;DS
    XY;W)
ELSE
    call
    TURBproc(xN2_mix;xO2_mix;xCO2_mix;xH2O_mix;pexc;Texcool;p_back;ETAptnc;EPS:Tout;Touts;D
    SXY;W)
ENDIF
80:
IF (i=1) THEN
    call cpmedioproc(xO2_CC;xN2_CC;xCO2_CC;xH2O_CC;Tout;Texcool:cpmout;cvnout;knc)
else
    call cpmedioproc(xO2_mix;xN2_mix;xCO2_mix;xH2O_mix;Tout;Texcool:cpmout;cvnout;knc)
endif
Wtnc=mgexcool*cpmout*(Texcool-Tout)
Wttot=Wtcl+Wtnc
IF (ABS((m_cool-m_cool1)/m_cool1)<EPS) THEN
    m_cool:=m_cool1
    GOTO 1122
ELSE
    m_cool:=m_cool1
    GOTO 9527
ENDIF
1122:
Wc=W*(m_comp-m_cool)
Wctot=Wc+Wtcr1
END PROCEDURE

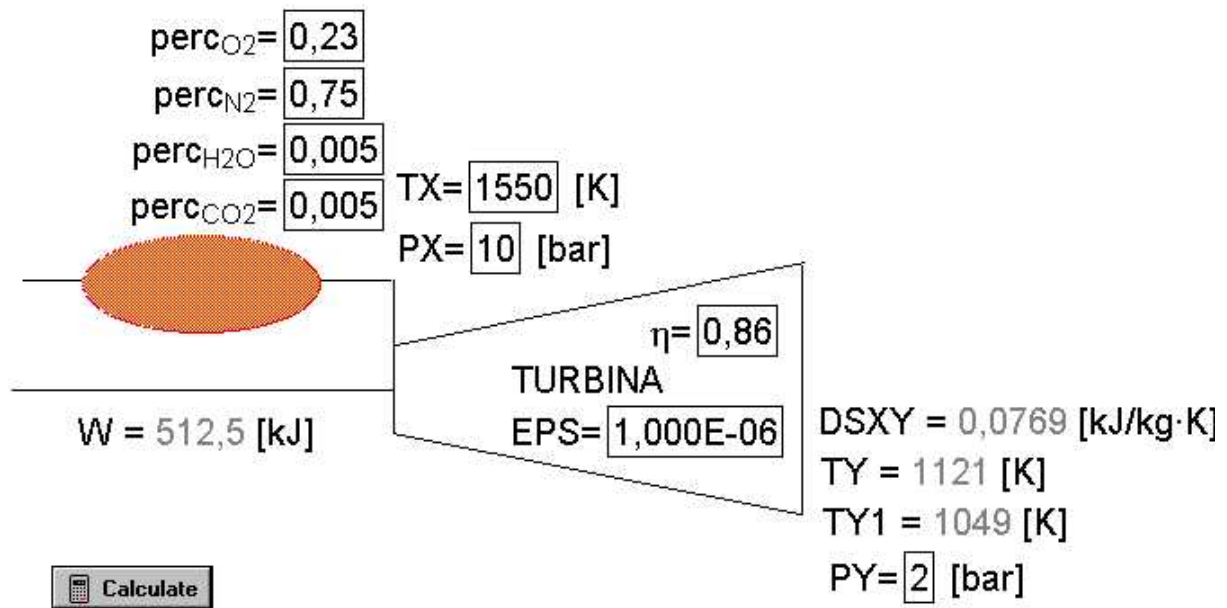
```

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1.3. TURBproc

Questa procedura, nota la composizione del gas in ingresso e le sue condizioni termodinamiche, il rendimento isentropico o politropico di espansione la pressione in uscita, calcola il lavoro specifico di espansione e la temperatura isentropica o politropica in uscita.



1.3.1. Programma TURBproc

"Procedure for the expansion calculation"

"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"perc_N2=Inlet N2 mass fraction"

"perc_O2=Inlet O2 mass fraction"

"perc_CO2=Inlet CO2 mass fraction"

"perc_H2O=Inlet H2O mass fraction"

"TX=mixture Inlet temperature"

"PX=mixture Inlet pressure"

"PX=mixture outlet pressure"

"ETA=turbine politropic/isentropic yield"

"EPS=relative difference of K"

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"Outlet data"

"TY=isentropic mixture outlet temperature"

"TY1=politropic mixture outlet temperature"

"DSXY=entropy difference"

"W=work of the compressor"

PROCEDURE

TURBproc(perc_N2;perc_O2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;PX;TX;PY;ETA;EPS;TY;TY1;DSXY;W)

"Procedure per il calcolo di un'espansione note la pressione e la temperatura iniziali, la pressione finale e il rendimento (isoentropico o politropico) di espansione"

"CALCOLO ESPANSIONE ISOENTROPICA"

K=1,4

300: TY1=TX*(PY/PX)^((K-1)/K)

CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY1;cpXY1;cvXY1;k1)

IF(ABS((K1-K)/K)<EPS) THEN

 K:=K1

"CALCOLO RENDIMENTO ADIABATICO"

IF(ETA>0) THEN

 ETA1:=ETA

 ELSE

 ETA1:=(1-(PY/PX)^(ABS(ETA)*(K-1)/K))/(1-(PY/PX)^((K-1)/K))

ENDIF

"CALCOLO PUNTO DI FINE ESPANSIONE REALE"

TY:=TY1

400:

CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY;cpXY;cvXY;kXY)

TYT=TX-ETA1*CPXY1*(TX-TY)/cpXY

IF(ABS((TYT-TY)/TY)<EPS) THEN

 TY:=TYT

 CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TX;TY;cpXY;cvXY;kXY)

 CALL cpmedioproc(perc_O2;perc_N2;perc_CO2;perc_H2O;TY1;TY;cpXY1;cvXY1;kXY1)

 DSXY:=cpXY1*ln(TY/TY1)

 W:=CPXY*(TX-TY)

ELSE

 TY:=TYT

 goto 400

ENDIF

ELSE

 K:=K1

 GOTO 300

ENDIF

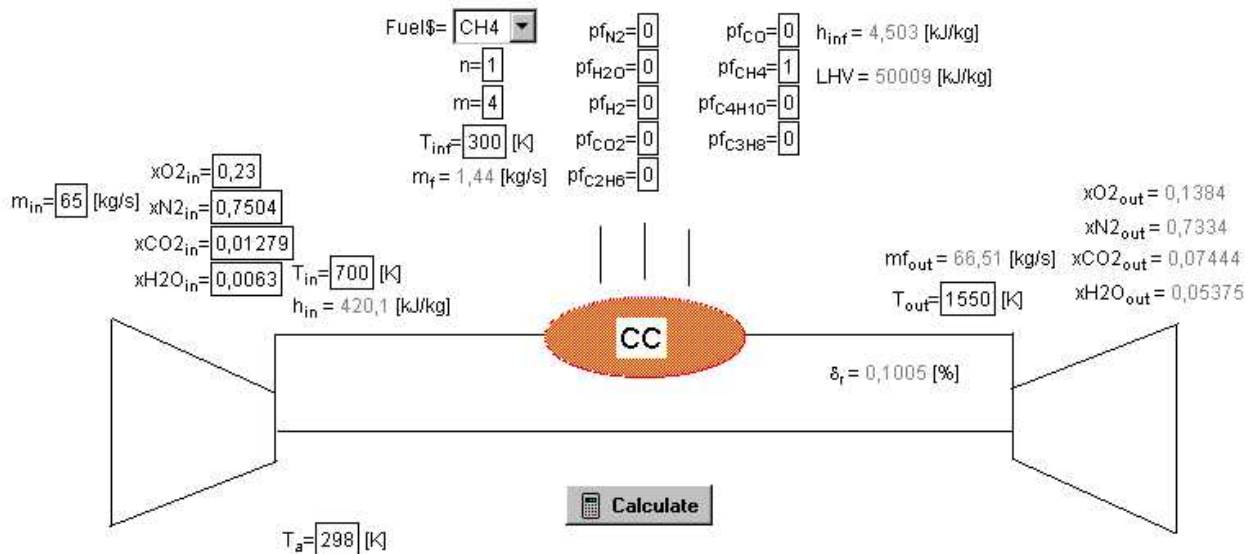
END PROCEDURE

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1.4. Fuelmix

Questa procedura, nota la massa, la composizione del gas in ingresso e le sue condizioni termodinamiche e noto il tipo di combustibile utilizzato, sia tra quelli conosciuti tra le librerie di EES, sia tra gli idrocarburi selezionabili dalle label e le sue condizioni termodinamiche e nota la temperatura massima di ciclo, determina la massa di combustibile ed il suo potere calorifico inferiore.



1.4.1. Programma Fuelmix

{PROCEDURE FOR THE COMPLETE COMBUSTION OF A KNOWN MIXTURE FUEL OF CH4, C2H6, C3H8, C4H10, CO, H2, N2, H2O, CO2 WITH FIXED OXIDANT MASS FLOW m_{in} }

"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"Fuel\$=tipo di combustibile"

"m=Moles of carbon into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

"n=Moles of hydrogen into the generic C_nH_m hydrocarbon fuel"

" m_{in} = Inlet comburent mass flow rate (air+excess air or stechiometric air+other gas)"

" $x_{N2_{in}}$ =Inlet N2 mass fraction"

" $x_{O2_{in}}$ =Inlet O2 mass fraction"

" $x_{CO2_{in}}$ =Inlet CO2 mass fraction"

" $x_{H2O_{in}}$ =Inlet H2O mass fraction"

" T_{in} =Comburent Inlet temperature"

" T_{inf} =Fuel Inlet temperature"

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"T_out=Products outlet temperature"
 "pf_CH4= CH4 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C2H6=C2H6 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C3H8=C3H8 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_C4H10=C4H10 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO=CO inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2=H2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_N2=N2 inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_H2O=H2O inlet mass fraction"
 "pf_CO2=CO2 inlet mass fraction"
 "T_a=ambient temperature"

"Outlet data"

"m_f=inlet fuel mass flow"
 "LHV=low heating value"
 "xN2_out=Outlet N2 mass fraction"
 "xO2_out=Outlet O2 mass fraction"
 "xCO2_out=Outlet CO2 mass fraction"
 "xH2O_out=Outlet H2O mass fraction"
 "Delta_r=mass flow percentage error"
 "mf_out=outlet gas mass flow"

"Other data"

"h_inf=inlet fuel entalpy"
 "h_in=inlet comburent mixture entalpy"

{Composition given in mass fractions}

procedure

fuelmix(m_in;xN2_in;xO2_in;xCO2_in;xH2O_in;T_a;T_in;T_inf;T_out;Fuel\$;m;n;pf_CH4;pf_C2H6;pf_C3H8;pf_C4H10;pf_CO;pf_H2;pf_N2;pf_H2O;pf_CO2;m_f;mf_out;h_inf;h_in;LHV;xN2_out;xO2_out;xCO2_out;xH2O_out;Delta_r)

if Fuel\$ = 'MIX' then

"Calculation of components inlet enthalpy"

h_infCH4=pf_CH4*(enthalpy(CH4;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(CH4;T=T_a))
 h_infC2H6=pf_C2H6*(enthalpy(C2H6;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(C2H6;T=T_a))
 h_infC3H8=pf_C3H8*(enthalpy(C3H8;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(C3H8;T=T_a))
 h_infC4H10=pf_C4H10*(enthalpy(C4H10;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(C4H10;T=T_a))
 h_infCO=pf_CO*(enthalpy(CO;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(CO;T=T_a))
 h_infH2=pf_H2*(enthalpy(H2;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(H2;T=T_a))
 h_infN2=pf_N2*(enthalpy(N2;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(N2;T=T_a))
 h_infH2O=pf_H2O*(enthalpy(H2O;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(H2O;T=T_a))
 h_infCO2=pf_CO2*(enthalpy(CO2;T=T_inf)-enthalpy(CO2;T=T_a))

h_inf=h_infCH4+h_infC2H6+h_infC3H8+h_infC4H10+h_infCO+h_infH2+h_infN2+h_infH2O

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$$h_{in} = x_{N2_in} * (\text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_a)) + x_{O2_in} * (\text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a)) + x_{CO2_in} * (\text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a)) + x_{H2O_in} * (\text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a))$$

"Evaluation of fuel LHV from its components"

$$LHV_{CH4} = \text{enthalpy}(CH4; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * (1 + 4/4) / \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) * \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a) / \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) - 4/2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) / \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) * \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a)$$

$$LHV_{C2H6} = \text{enthalpy}(C2H6; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * (2 + 6/4) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - 2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) * \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) - 6/2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) * \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a)$$

$$LHV_{C3H8} = \text{enthalpy}(C3H8; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * (3 + 8/4) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - 3 * \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) * \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) - 8/2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) * \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a)$$

$$LHV_{C4H10} = \text{enthalpy}(C4H10; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * (4 + 10/4) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - 4 * \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) * \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) - 10/2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) / \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) * \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a)$$

$$LHV_{CO} = \text{enthalpy}(CO; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * 0,5 / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) * \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a) / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO)$$

$$LHV_{H2} = \text{enthalpy}(H2; T=T_a) + \text{MOLARMASS}(O2) * 2/4 / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2) * \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a) - 2/2 * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2) * \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a)$$

$$LHV = pf_{CH4} * LHV_{CH4} + pf_{C2H6} * LHV_{C2H6} + pf_{C3H8} * LHV_{C3H8} + pf_{C4H10} * LHV_{C4H10} + pf_{CO} * LHV_{CO} + pf_{H2} * LHV_{H2}$$

"Calculation of species molar fractions in the fuel mixture"

$$n_{tot} = pf_{CH4} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) + pf_{C2H6} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) + pf_{C3H8} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) + pf_{C4H10} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) + pf_{CO} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO) + pf_{H2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2) + pf_{N2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(N2) + pf_{H2O} / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) + pf_{CO2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2)$$

$$fm_{CH4} = pf_{CH4} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{C2H6} = pf_{C2H6} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{C3H8} = pf_{C3H8} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{C4H10} = pf_{C4H10} / \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{CO} = pf_{CO} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{H2} = pf_{H2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2) / n_{tot}$$

$$fm_{N2} = pf_{N2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(N2)$$

$$fm_{H2O} = pf_{H2O} / \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O)$$

$$fm_{CO2} = pf_{CO2} / \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2) / n_{tot}$$

"Mean fuel molecular mass"

$$pmol_{fuel} = fm_{CH4} * \text{MOLARMASS}(CH4) + fm_{C2H6} * \text{MOLARMASS}(C2H6) + fm_{C3H8} * \text{MOLARMASS}(C3H8) + fm_{C4H10} * \text{MOLARMASS}(C4H10) + fm_{CO} * \text{MOLARMASS}(CO) + fm_{H2} * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2) + fm_{N2} * \text{MOLARMASS}(N2) + fm_{H2O} * \text{MOLARMASS}(H2O) + fm_{CO2} * \text{MOLARMASS}(CO2)$$

"Reference to a reaction of fuel mixture with FIXED amount of comburent air"

$$n_f * (fm_{CH4} + fm_{C2H6} + fm_{C3H8} + fm_{C4H10} + fm_{CO} + fm_{H2} + fm_{N2} + fm_{H2O} + fm_{CO2}) + a O_2 + b N_2 + c H_2O + d CO_2 = x * CO_2 + y * H_2O + z * O_2 + w * N_2$$

"Initialization of m_f considering the combustions gas as air"

$$m_{f1} = m_{in} * (\text{enthalpy}(air; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(air; T=T_{in})) / LHV$$

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$a = m_{in} \cdot x_{O2_in} / \text{molarmass}(O2)$
 $b = m_{in} \cdot x_{N2_in} / \text{molarmass}(N2)$
 $c = m_{in} \cdot x_{CO2_in} / \text{molarmass}(CO2)$
 $d = m_{in} \cdot x_{H2O_in} / \text{molarmass}(H2O)$

10: $n_f := m_{f1} / \text{pmol_fuel}$ "N° moles of fuel"

$x = n_f \cdot (m_{CH4} + 2 \cdot m_{C2H6} + 3 \cdot m_{C3H8} + 4 \cdot m_{C4H10} + m_{CO} + m_{CO2}) + d$ {C balance}
 $y = n_f \cdot (2 \cdot m_{CH4} + 3 \cdot m_{C2H6} + 4 \cdot m_{C3H8} + 5 \cdot m_{C4H10} + m_{H2} + m_{H2O}) + c$ {H balance}
 $z = n_f \cdot (m_{CO} / 2 + m_{H2O} / 2 + m_{CO2}) + a + c / 2 + d - x - y / 2$ {O balance}
 $w = n_f \cdot m_{N2} + b$ {N balance}

$m_{O2_out} = z \cdot \text{molarmass}(O2)$
 $m_{N2_out} = w \cdot \text{molarmass}(N2)$
 $m_{CO2_out} = x \cdot \text{molarmass}(CO2)$
 $m_{H2O_out} = y \cdot \text{molarmass}(H2O)$

$x_{O2_out} = m_{O2_out} / (m_{O2_out} + m_{N2_out} + m_{CO2_out} + m_{H2O_out})$
 $x_{N2_out} = m_{N2_out} / (m_{O2_out} + m_{N2_out} + m_{CO2_out} + m_{H2O_out})$
 $x_{CO2_out} = m_{CO2_out} / (m_{O2_out} + m_{N2_out} + m_{CO2_out} + m_{H2O_out})$
 $x_{H2O_out} = m_{H2O_out} / (m_{O2_out} + m_{N2_out} + m_{CO2_out} + m_{H2O_out})$

"Enthalpy balance in CC"

$h_{out} = x_{N2_out} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_a)) + x_{O2_out} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a)) + x_{CO2_out} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a)) + x_{H2O_out} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a))$

$m_f = m_{in} \cdot (h_{out} - h_{in}) / (h_{inf} + LHV - h_{out})$

if $(\text{abs}((m_f - m_{f1}) / m_f) < 0,000001)$ then

$m_f := m_{f1}$

else

$m_{f1} := m_f$

goto 10

endif

$m_{f_out} = m_{O2_out} + m_{N2_out} + m_{CO2_out} + m_{H2O_out}$

$\Delta_r = \text{abs}((m_f + m_{in} - m_{O2_out} - m_{N2_out} - m_{CO2_out} - m_{H2O_out}) / (m_f + m_{in})) \cdot 100$

endif

if Fuel\$ = 'CH4' then

"Reference to a complete combustion reaction of :"

" $n_f C_n H_m + a O_2 + b N_2 + c H_2O + d CO_2 = (n_f \cdot n + d) CO_2 + (n_f \cdot m / 2 + c) H_2O + (a - n_f \cdot n - n_f \cdot m / 4) O_2 + b N_2$ "

$h_{inf} = \text{enthalpy}(\text{Fuel}; T=T_{inf}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{Fuel}; T=T_a)$

$h_{in} = x_{N2_in} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(N2; T=T_a)) + x_{O2_in} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(O2; T=T_a)) + x_{CO2_in} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(CO2; T=T_a)) + x_{H2O_in} \cdot (\text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_{in}) - \text{enthalpy}(H2O; T=T_a))$

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$LHV = \text{enthalpy}(\text{Fuel}; T=T_a) + (n+m/4) * \text{enthalpy}(\text{O}_2; T=T_a) * \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{O}_2) / \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{Fuel}) - n * \text{enthalpy}(\text{CO}_2; T=T_a) * \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{CO}_2) / \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{Fuel}) - m/2 * \text{enthalpy}(\text{H}_2\text{O}; T=T_a) * \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{H}_2\text{O}) / \text{MOLARMASS}(\text{Fuel})$

"Initialization of m_f considering the combustions gas as air"

$m_{f1} = m_{in} * (\text{enthalpy}(\text{air}; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{air}; T=T_{in})) / LHV$

20: $n_f := m_{f1} / \text{molarmass}(\text{Fuel})$ "N° moles of fuel"

$a = m_{in} * x_{\text{O}_2_in} / \text{molarmass}(\text{O}_2)$ "inlet O2 kmoles"

$b = m_{in} * x_{\text{N}_2_in} / \text{molarmass}(\text{N}_2)$ "inlet N2 kmoles"

$c = m_{in} * x_{\text{CO}_2_in} / \text{molarmass}(\text{CO}_2)$ "inlet CO2 kmoles"

$d = m_{in} * x_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_in} / \text{molarmass}(\text{H}_2\text{O})$ "inlet H2O kmoles"

$m_{\text{O}_2_out} = (a - n_f * n - n_f * m/4) * \text{molarmass}(\text{O}_2)$ "outlet O2 kgs"

$m_{\text{N}_2_out} = b * \text{molarmass}(\text{N}_2)$ "outlet N2 kgs"

$m_{\text{CO}_2_out} = (n_f * n + d) * \text{molarmass}(\text{CO}_2)$ "outlet CO2 kgs"

$m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out} = (n_f * m/2 + c) * \text{molarmass}(\text{H}_2\text{O})$ "outlet H2O kgs"

$x_{\text{O}_2_out} = m_{\text{O}_2_out} / (m_{\text{O}_2_out} + m_{\text{N}_2_out} + m_{\text{CO}_2_out} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out})$ "outlet O2 mass fraction"

$x_{\text{N}_2_out} = m_{\text{N}_2_out} / (m_{\text{O}_2_out} + m_{\text{N}_2_out} + m_{\text{CO}_2_out} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out})$ "outlet N2 mass fraction"

$x_{\text{CO}_2_out} = m_{\text{CO}_2_out} / (m_{\text{O}_2_out} + m_{\text{N}_2_out} + m_{\text{CO}_2_out} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out})$ "outlet CO2 mass fraction"

$x_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out} = m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out} / (m_{\text{O}_2_out} + m_{\text{N}_2_out} + m_{\text{CO}_2_out} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out})$ "outlet H2O mass fraction"

"Enthalpy balance in CC"

$h_{out} = x_{\text{N}_2_out} * (\text{enthalpy}(\text{N}_2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{N}_2; T=T_a)) + x_{\text{O}_2_out} * (\text{enthalpy}(\text{O}_2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{O}_2; T=T_a)) + x_{\text{CO}_2_out} * (\text{enthalpy}(\text{CO}_2; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{CO}_2; T=T_a)) + x_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out} * (\text{enthalpy}(\text{H}_2\text{O}; T=T_{out}) - \text{enthalpy}(\text{H}_2\text{O}; T=T_a))$

$m_f = m_{in} * (h_{out} - h_{in}) / (h_{inf} + LHV - h_{out})$

if $(\text{abs}((m_f - m_{f1}) / m_f) < 0,000001)$ then

$m_f := m_{f1}$

else

$m_{f1} := m_f$

goto 20

endif

$mf_{out} = m_{\text{O}_2_out} + m_{\text{N}_2_out} + m_{\text{CO}_2_out} + m_{\text{H}_2\text{O}_out}$

$\text{Delta}_r = \text{abs}((m_f + m_{in} - mf_{out}) / (m_f + m_{in})) * 100$

endif

end procedure

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1.5. Cpmedioproc

Questa procedura, nota la massa, la composizione del gas in ingresso e le sue condizioni termodinamiche e le temperature d'inizio e fine trasformazione, calcola il cp medio.

$x_{N_2} = $ <input type="text" value="0,7504"/>	$cp_{me} = 1,017$ [kJ/kg·K]
$x_{O_2} = $ <input type="text" value="0,23"/>	$cv_{me} = 0,7278$ [kJ/kg·K]
$T_2 = $ <input type="text" value="303"/> [K]	$k_{me} = 1,398$
$x_{H_2O} = $ <input type="text" value="0,01279"/>	
$T_1 = $ <input type="text" value="298"/> [K]	
$x_{CO_2} = $ <input type="text" value="0,0063"/>	

1.5.1. Programma Cpmedioproc

"Module for the calculation of mean cp (cpme), mean cv (cvme), mean k (kme) given the MASS fractions of the GAS MIXTURE containing O2, N2, CO2, H2O and the end temperatures T_1 (min) and T_2 (max)."

"Symbols explanation"

"Inlet data"

"x_N2=Inlet N2 mass fraction"

"x_O2=Inlet O2 mass fraction"

"x_CO2=Inlet CO2 mass fraction"

"x_H2O=Inlet H2O mass fraction"

"T_1=mixture Inlet temperature"

"T_2=mixture outlet temperature"

"Outlet data"

"cpme=average specific heat at constant pressure of mixture"

"cvme=average specific heat at constant volume of mixture"

"kme=specific heat ratio"

"Procedure for the calculation of the mean cp with 5th order interpolation from EES specheat tables (JANAF)"

```
procedure cpmedioproc(x_O2;x_N2;x_CO2;x_H2O;T_1;T_2:cpme;cvme;kme)
```

```
aO2=0,82390
```

```
bO2=0,00033840
```

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```
cO2=-0,000000034992
dO2=-0,00000000060213
eO2=0,00000000000018831
aN2=1,0491
bN2=-0,00020297
cN2=0,00000062186
dN2=-0,0000000037256
eN2=0,00000000000070546
```

```
aCO2=0,45627
bCO2=0,0016313
cCO2=-0,0000012737
dCO2=0,0000000049469
eCO2=-0,00000000000075456
```

```
aH2O=1,8534
bH2O=-0,00028108
cH2O=0,0000012990
dH2O=-0,0000000070144
eH2O=0,0000000000012196
```

```
a_mix=x_O2*aO2+x_N2*aN2+x_CO2*aCO2+x_H2O*aH2O
b_mix=x_O2*bO2+x_N2*bN2+x_CO2*bCO2+x_H2O*bH2O
c_mix=x_O2*cO2+x_N2*cN2+x_CO2*cCO2+x_H2O*cH2O
d_mix=x_O2*dO2+x_N2*dN2+x_CO2*dCO2+x_H2O*dH2O
e_mix=x_O2*eO2+x_N2*eN2+x_CO2*eCO2+x_H2O*eH2O
```

```
if(abs(T_2-T_1)<0,000001) then
  cpme=a_mix+b_mix*T_1+c_mix*T_1^2+d_mix*T_1^3+e_mix*T_1^4
else
  cpme=1/(T_2-T_1)*(a_mix*(T_2-T_1)+b_mix*((T_2)^2-(T_1)^2)/2+c_mix*((T_2)^3-
(T_1)^3)/3+d_mix*((T_2)^4-(T_1)^4)/4+e_mix*((T_2)^5-(T_1)^5)/5)
endif
```

{Calcolo frazioni molari componenti}

```
nmol_tot=x_O2/MOLARMASS(O2)+x_N2/MOLARMASS(N2)+x_CO2/MOLARMASS(CO2)+x_H2O/M
OLARMASS(H2O)
fmol_O2=x_O2/MOLARMASS(O2)/nmol_tot
fmol_N2=x_N2/MOLARMASS(N2)/nmol_tot
fmol_CO2=x_CO2/MOLARMASS(CO2)/nmol_tot
fmol_H2O=x_H2O/MOLARMASS(H2O)/nmol_tot
```

```
pm_mix=fmol_O2*MOLARMASS(O2)+fmol_N2*MOLARMASS(N2)+fmol_CO2*MOLARMASS(CO2)+f
mol_H2O*MOLARMASS(H2O)
```

```
R_mix=R#/pm_mix
cvme=cpme-R_mix
kme=cpme/cvme
```

```
end procedure
```

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